

Ryanair Investor Day

Managing Growth – Opening Remarks, CEO



Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier

RYANAIR

© This presentation is subject to copyright and may not be copied or used without the express prior consent of Ryanair

		Avg. Fare	% > Ryanair
LOW	Ryanair	€48	
HIGH	easyJet	€82	+71%
	Norwegian	€86	+79%
	Air Berlin	€120	+150%
	SAS	€129	+169%
	Lufthansa	€211	+340%
	AF-KLM	€261	+444%
	IAG	€282	+488%

Source: Latest published company year end information



LOWEST EX FUEL UNIT COSTS FACILITATE LOWEST FARES

	RYA	EZY	NOR	AB1	LUV	Spirit
Staff	€5	€9	€16	€15	€34	€16
Airport & handling	€8	€21	€19	€37	€9	€5
Route charges	€6	€6	€8	€8	€0	€0
Ownership & maint.	€8	€9	€17	€26	€17	€16
S & M + other	€2	€9	€10	€20	€15	€13
Total	€29	€54	€70	€107	€75	€50
% > Ryanair		+ 86%	+141%	+269%	+159%	+72%

Source: Latest published company year end information & The Airline Analyst

Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier

RYANAIR



NO. 1 – MARGIN & SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

	RYA	EZY	NOR	AB1	LUV
Net Margin	12%	7%	4%	0%	2%
Cash Earnings *	18%	9%	7%	2%	7%
Free Cash Flow **	€828m	€64m	(€125m)	(€235m)	€557m
Net Cash/(Debt) ***	€61m	€72m	(€497m)	(€756m)	(€142m)
S'holder Returns ****	€1,706m	€380m	-	-	€1,369m

* (Net profit + depreciation) / total revenue

** Operating cash flow adjusted for tax , interest and capex

*** Post €492m special dividend in November 2012

**** All shareholder returns from 2007

Source: Calculated based on latest year end company information and statistics from Reuters & The Airline Analyst

Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier

RYANAIR



REVISED FLEET AND PAX GROWTH (FY14 – FY19)

	New Aircraft	Lease Returns / Disposals		Year End Fleet		Pax No's (m's)		Pax Growth	
		Now	(Old)	Now	(Old)	Now	(Old)	Now	(Old)
FY 14	0	-15	<i>(-15)</i>	290	<i>(290)</i>	82	<i>(82)</i>	3%	<i>(3%)</i>
FY 15	11	-3	<i>(-3)</i>	298	<i>(298)</i>	84	<i>(83)</i>	3%	<i>(3%)</i>
FY 16	35	-5	<i>(-10)</i>	328	<i>(323)</i>	89	<i>(86)</i>	6%	<i>(3%)</i>
FY 17	50	-24	<i>(-30)</i>	354	<i>(343)</i>	96	<i>(90)</i>	7%	<i>(5%)</i>
FY 18	50	-18	<i>(-26)</i>	386	<i>(367)</i>	103	<i>(95)</i>	7%	<i>(5%)</i>
FY 19	29	-5	<i>(-21)</i>	410	<i>(375)</i>	110	<i>(100)</i>	7%	<i>(5%)</i>
Total	175	-70	<i>(-105)</i>	410	<i>(375)</i>				



€1BN ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER RETURNS

FY 2008 – share buyback 1	€300m
FY 2009 – share buyback 2	€46m
FY 2011 – spec. dividend 1	€500m
FY 2012 – share buyback 3	€125m
FY 2013 – share buyback 4	€67m
FY 2013 – spec. dividend 2	€492m
FY 2014 – share buyback 5	€176m
FY 2014 – share buyback 6	€224m
FY 2015 – spec. dividend / share buyback	€600m

Total Returned **€2,530m**

**€1bn
Returns
in 2 Yrs**

Ryanair Investor Day

Managing Growth – Finance, CFO




Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier




RYANAIR

© This presentation is subject to copyright and may not be copied or used without the express prior consent of Ryanair




Cost control:

-  Maintain industry cost leadership


A/C financing:

-  175 new a/c delivering from 2014 – 2018
-  Ex-Im financing more expensive
-  Residual value risk for lessors

Risk management:

-  Fuel – vol's & pricing
-  FX exposure – USD/STG
-  Interest rate exposure

IT:

-  Systems scaled to meet business growth



Cost control:

- Long term cost deals – staff, a/c, apts
- Use growth to drive savings – apts, fuel, maint.

A/C financing:

- Strong business/BS – quality credit
- Access to low cost finance – EETC, op leasing, debt, Ex-Im
- Track record – successfully financed 348 a/c

Risk management:

- Quality credit enables RYA to access hedging lines
- Long term FX & fuel hedging program
- Experienced risk mgmt. team

IT:

- Existing IT systems scalable for 410 a/c
- Website enhancement to lever scale
- New flight planning systems to reduce cost

Ryanair Investor Day

Managing Growth – Commercial, COO



Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier

RYANAIR

© This presentation is subject to copyright and may not be copied or used without the express prior consent of Ryanair



- Maintain cost advantage
- Regulation and taxation creep
- Route selection/economic environment
- Competitive pressures
- Ancillary revenue will plateau



EU MARKET

- 450m pop
- 668m pax
- 1.4 pax:pop

RATIO (PAX:POP)

- Ireland 5.9
- Spain 3.2
- UK 3.2

- EU Competition weak and in decline
- Plentiful supply of airports – primary & secondary
- New a/c deal – growth to 410 a/c, 110m pax p.a.
- Low EU capacity growth – RYA is 40% of total
- Low pax:pop – massive growth potential
- Travel is a commodity – lowest cost wins

London IR Day – 20th June

Managing Growth – Flight/Ground Operations



Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier

RYANAIR

© This presentation is subject to copyright and may not be copied or used without the express prior consent of Ryanair

- Pilot Supply:**  Crew for 175 new a/c
- Re-Regulation:**  EASA social agenda
 -  Airport handling dir. (union charter)
 -  Airport charges dir. (un-enforced)
 -  EP populism: cabin bags, tax, bases
- ATC:**  Dysfunctional airspace blocks
 -  Eurocontrol political interference
- Oversight:**  Safety, security and service



Pilot Supply:

- 20 qualified applicants per job – extensive waiting list
- Training capacity – 600 pilots p.a. (expandable)
- Flexibility – pay prod. based/48% contract captains
- Direct Deal: 55/57 bases
- Technology: reduce duty time, admin, office space

Re-Regulation:

- Participation/leadership key EU/EASA
- Ponderous regulation – nimble redeployment (57 bases)
- Unexpected outcomes – (cabin bag charges, EU261 levy etc)

ATC:

- PRB/commission – some success

Oversight:

- Safety strategy 2013 – 2016
- Simple systems – strict SOP's
- Well drilled crew – well trained passengers

London IR Day – 20th June

Managing Growth – Engineering



Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier

RYANAIR

© This presentation is subject to copyright and may not be copied or used without the express prior consent of Ryanair



- Maintaining safety standards over multiple bases
- Attracting/retaining sufficiently qualified staff
- Overreliance on sole source suppliers
- Managing scale of engine overhauls
- Fulfilling mandatory requirements in short time frame



- Economies of scale drive cost savings
- Closer bases reduce spares requirement
- More base maintenance improves performance
- Multiple heavy maint. facilities reduce exposure to single location

London IR Day – 20th June

Managing Growth – Human Resources






Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier





RYANAIR

© This presentation is subject to copyright and may not be copied or used without the express prior consent of Ryanair

Resources:

-  Self funded training model for pilots & cabin crew
-  Resourcing requirements at new bases
 - Non-EU bases more complex
 - Maintain ratio of direct/contract staff
-  Succession, retain staff steeped in FR values

Relations:

-  Threat of unionisation/demarcation
-  Local employment contracts
-  Maintain 29 year culture – cost focus, results driven
-  Protect current employment model
 - Flexibility – flex. contracts, seasonality, outsourcing
 - Productivity – performance related pay
 - Dealing direct – long term pay deals deliver certainty



Resources:

- Growth provides further economies of scale
- Growth creates promotions
 - Improves staff retention
- Growth creates new markets
 - New sources of labour at lower cost

Relations:

- Flexible workforce, opportunity to leverage future opportunities
 - Technology efficiencies
 - Ancillary revenue initiatives
 - Work practices/regulatory changes
- Growth creates promotions
 - Key motivator for staff
- Growth further diversifies workforce via base network
 - Difficult for unions to organise/blunts their influence

London IR Day – 20th June

Managing Growth – Legal & Regulatory



Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier

RYANAIR

© This presentation is subject to copyright and may not be copied or used without the express prior consent of Ryanair



- State aid
 - Govs cont. to prop up flag carriers
 - Allegations of aid to RYA at reg./sec. airports – untrue
- Incr. exposure to abusive monopoly & regulated airports
- Challenge to efficiency from regulators & legislation
 - One bag rule, 100% web check-in, IDs
 - EU 261, compensation for delays/canc. & EU ETS
- Challenge to ryanair.com from screenscrapers
- Safety defamation by internet trolls & unions
- Increased volume of litigation



- State aid myths (being) busted
 - Pressure on EU – less aid to flag carriers (Malev, Spanair)
 - Commercial appr. to aid claims at reg./sec. apts (MEIP) (CRL, BTS, TMP)
- Raising awareness of monopoly abuses by airports
 - Pursuing competition complaints at EU & national levels
 - Challenging failed RAB based airport economic regulation
- Low cost ethos gaining acceptance of consumers & regulators
 - RYA pioneered policies now accepted by industry; regulators follow
 - Mess of EU 261 & EU ETS regimes in Europe – law being amended
- Lawsuits against screen scrapers protect integrity of ryanair.com
- Safety defamation – apologise or defend in court
- RYA brand/reputation – lawyers compete for legal work (low rates)

RYANAIR

Appendices

Europe's only ultra-low cost airline

RYANAIR

FY2014 NETWORK – 57 BASES

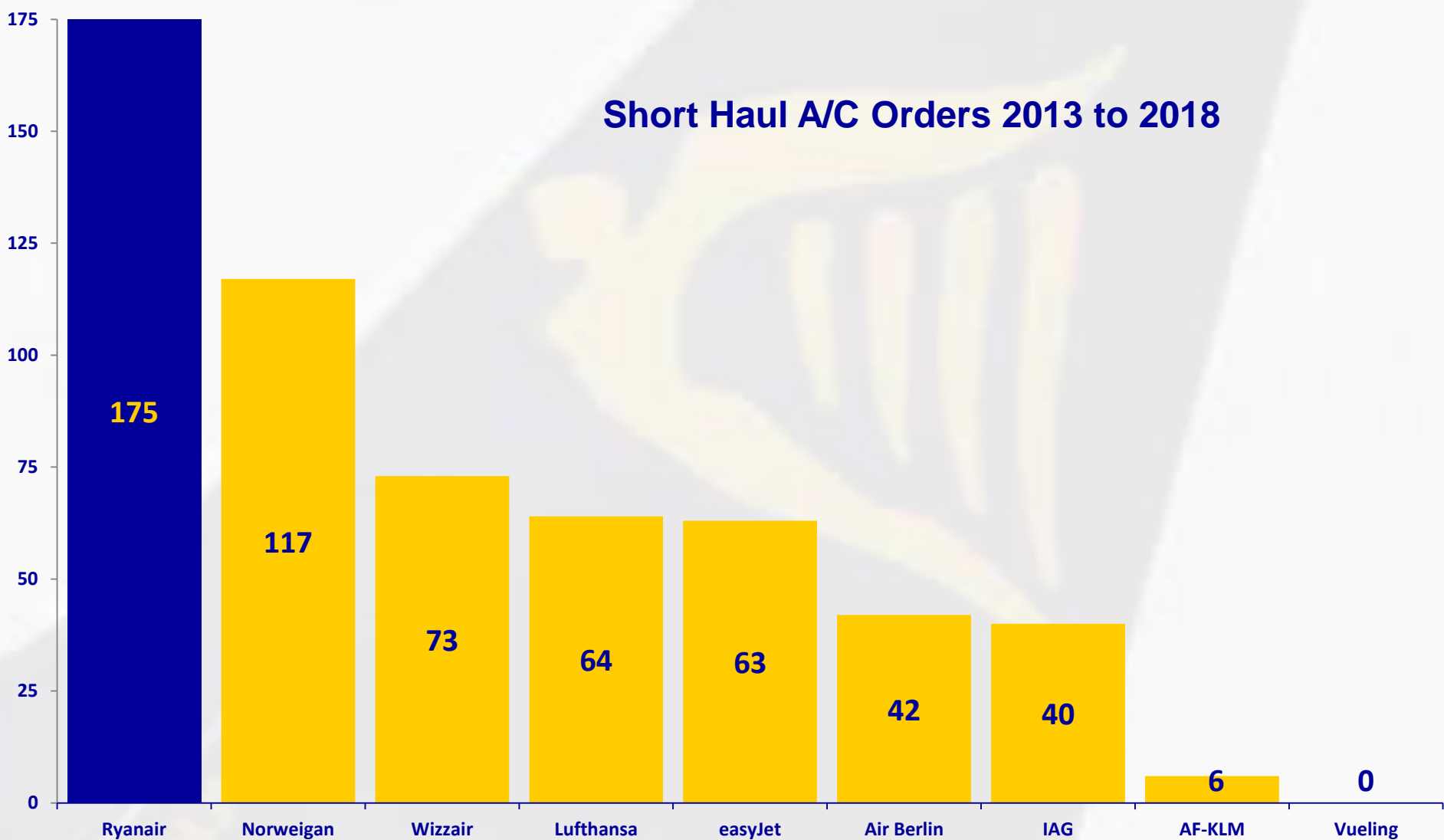


Europe's only ultra-low cost airline

RYANAIR



Short Haul A/C Orders 2013 to 2018



Source: Boeing, Airbus and CAPA – Centre For Aviation Websites as well as latest company announcements

Europe's only ultra-low cost airline

RYANAIR

LOW FARES GROWTH TARGETS

	Population	SH Pax.* (Per Annum)	SH Pax.** (Per Capita)	% Growth to 3.2 Pax
Spain	46m	175m	3.2	} <i>Avg. 3.2 pax. per capita in developed low fares mkt's</i>
UK	63m	177m	3.2	
Italy	61m	138m	2.3	+ 41%
Germany	82m	175m	2.1	+ 50%
France	65m	123m	1.9	+ 69%
Poland	39m	21m	0.6	+ 494%
Morocco	32m	12m	0.4	+ 753%


* Includes all flights originating in this country to Europe and Morocco from Jan 2012 to Dec 2012
 Source: Calculated based on 2012 statistics from Capstats, The Airline Analyst, cia-world-fact-book & Eurostat



RYA'S MKT SHARE – FURTHER GROWTH POTENTIAL

	Mkt. Share	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3
Spain	21%	RYANAIR	IAG	Vueling
Italy	22%	RYANAIR	Alitalia	easyJet
Ireland	44%	RYANAIR	Aer Lingus	Air France
Poland	23%	RYANAIR	LOT	Wizz
Morocco	15%	RAM	RYANAIR	easyJet
UK	16%	easyJet	IAG	RYANAIR
Germany	5%	Lufthansa	Air Berlin	RYANAIR
France	7%	Air France	easyJet	RYANAIR

Source: Capstats

 Mkt. share opportunity as restructuring of loss making short haul business underway

Europe's only ultra-low cost carrier

RYANAIR

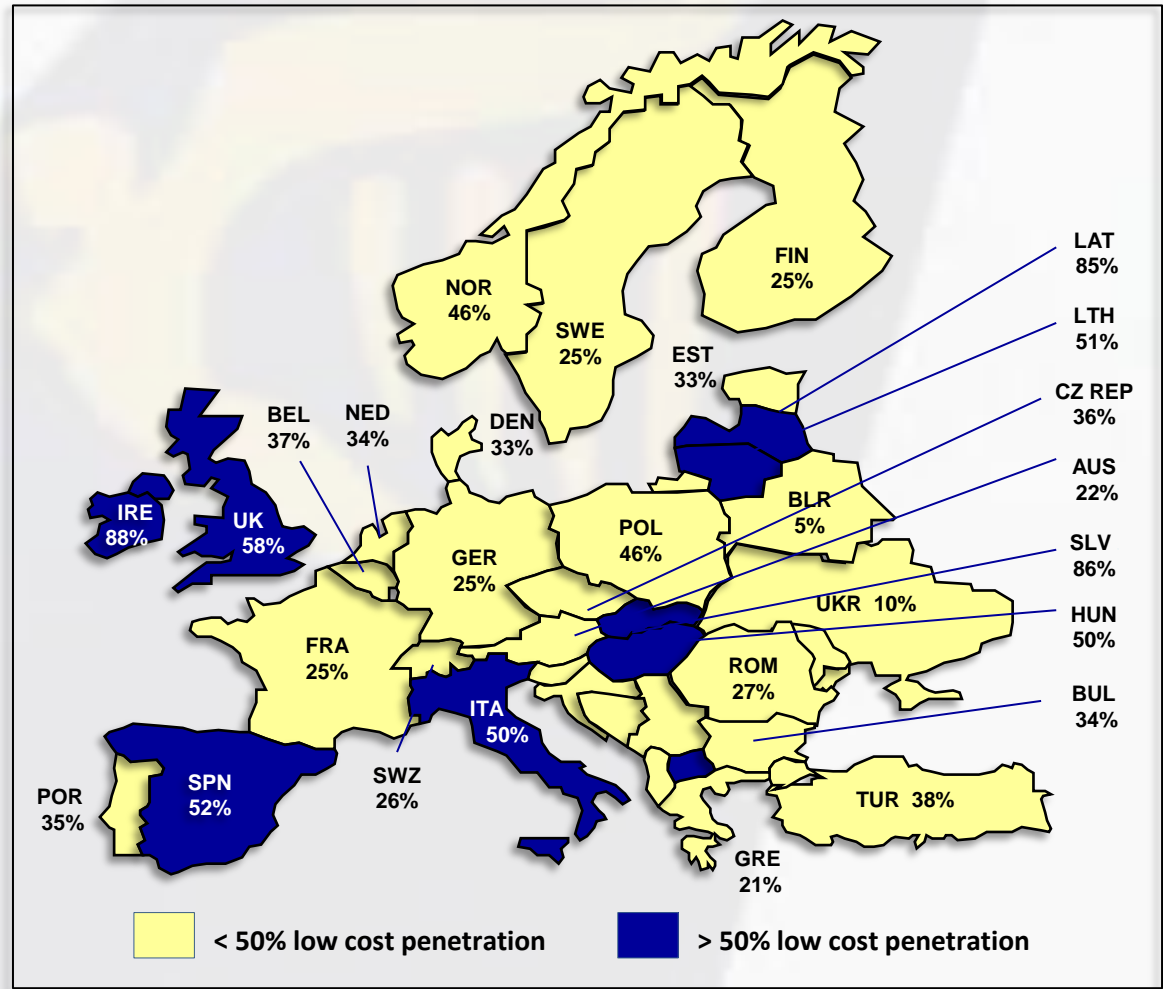
LOW FARE PENETRATION – FURTHER GROWTH POTENTIAL

Avg. 55% penetration in developed low fare markets:

- UK (58%)
- Spain (52%)
- Italy (50%)

Sig. low fare growth pot.

- Germany (25%)
- Sweden (25%)
- France (25%)
- Belgium (37%)
- Holland (34%)
- Switzerland (26%)
- Greece (21%)
- Portugal (36%)
- Poland (46%)
- East Eur. (5% to 50%)



Source: Deutsche Bank analyst report, Diio Mii, & Capstats

Europe's only ultra-low cost airline

RYANAIR

Certain of the information included in this presentation is forward looking and is subject to important risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially. By their nature, forward looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon future circumstances that may or may not occur. It is not reasonably possible to itemise all of the many factors and specific events that could affect the outlook and results of an airline operating in the European economy. Among the factors that are subject to change and could significantly impact Ryanair's expected results are the airline pricing environment, fuel costs, competition from new and existing carriers, market prices for the replacement aircraft, costs associated with environmental, safety and security measures, actions of the Irish, U.K., European Union ("EU") and other governments and their respective regulatory agencies, fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates, airport access and charges, labour relations, the economic environment of the airline industry, the general economic environment in Ireland, the UK and Continental Europe, the general willingness of passengers to travel and other economics, social and political factors and flight interruptions caused by volcanic ash emissions or other atmospheric disruptions.